SAFETY DATA SHEET



SeaForce 30 M

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : SeaForce 30 M

Product code : 31842
Product description : Paint.
Product type : Liquid.
Other means of : Not available.

identification

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Use in coatings - Professional use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER: Jotun Paints (Europe) Ltd. Stather Road Flixborough, Scunthorpe North Lincolnshire DN15 8RR England

Tel: +44 17 24 40 00 00 Fax: +44 17 24 40 01 00 SDSJotun@jotun.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Contact NHS Direct; phone 0845 4647 or 111. Open 24/7.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Pepr. 2, H361d (Un

Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn child)

Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

2.2 Label elements

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms











Signal word : Danger.

Hazard statements : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child. H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General : Mot applicable.

Prevention: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective

clothing.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

Response : P391 - Collect spillage.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

: \array{P403} - Store in a well-ventilated place.

P235 - Keep cool.

Disposal : ₱501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients : dicopper oxide

xylene colophony zineb

fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated

Supplemental label

elements

Storage

: Not applicable.

Additional information

: Active substances: dicopper oxide (CAS 1317-39-1) 21.1% w/w, zineb (CAS 12122-67-7) 7.6% w/w. Read Technical Data Sheet and Safety Data Sheet before

use. Do not reuse empty containers. For professional use only.

Additional information Additional information : PCS Number BROWN PCS98699, RED PCS98701

: HSE No. 10051. DO NOT BREATHE SPRAY MIST. WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING (COVERALLS OF A CONTRASTING COLOUR TO THE

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING (COVERALLS OF A CONTRASTING COLOUR TO THE PRODUCT BEING APPLIED, UNDERNEATH A DISPOSABLE COVERALL WITH HOOD), SUITABLE GLOVES AND IMPERVIOUS FOOTWEAR THAT PROTECTS THE LOWER LEG. WEAR SUITABLE RESPIRATORY EQUIPMENT (such as airfed respiratory protective equipment with combined protective helmet and visor) when spraying. WEAR SUITABLE RESPIRATORY EQUIPMENT (such as FFP3 or an equivalent standard) when working in the vicinity of the spray plume. DISPOSE OF PROTECTIVE GLOVES after use. UNPROTECTED PERSONS SHOULD BE

KEPT OUT OF TREATMENT AREAS.

In compliance : IMO Antifouling System Convention compliant (AFS/CONF/26).

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

			Classification		
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре	Notes
dícopper oxide	REACH #: 01-2119513794-36 EC: 215-270-7 CAS: 1317-39-1 Index: 029-002-00-X	≥10 - ≤23	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=100) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=100)	[1]	-
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1] [2]	С
colophony	REACH #: 01-2119480418-32 EC: 232-475-7 CAS: 8050-09-7 Index: 650-015-00-7	≥10 - ≤25	Skin Sens. 1, H317	[1] [2]	-
zineb	EC: 235-180-1 CAS: 12122-67-7 Index: 006-078-00-2	≤10	Flam. Sol. 1, H228 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn child) STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]	-
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≤5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]	-
zinc oxide	REACH #: 01-2119463881-32 EC: 215-222-5 CAS: 1314-13-2 Index: 030-013-00-7	≤5	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]	-
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, (<0.1% Benzene)		≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1] [2]	H-P
fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated	REACH #: 01-2119976378-19	≤0.3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	[1]	-

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General : In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give

anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery

position and seek medical advice.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and

water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Eye contact: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running

water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical

attention.

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label.

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains colophony, zineb, fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated. May produce an allergic reaction.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO₂, powders, water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.

Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values	
x ýlene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 441 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours.	
colophony	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Inhalation	
	sensitiser. STEL: 0.15 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Fume TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Fume	
ethylbenzene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed	
	through skin. STEL: 552 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 441 mg/m³ 8 hours.	
1-methoxy-2-propanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed	
	through skin. STEL: 560 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.	

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hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, (<0.1% Benzene) **EH40-WEL (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed through skin.**

TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: All forms TWA: 40 ppm 8 hours. Form: All forms

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Derived no effect levels

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
x ýlene	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	289 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	289 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	108 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	14.8 mg/m ³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
colophony	DNEL	Long term Dermal	25 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	176 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	15 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	52 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	15 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
ethylbenzene	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	293 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	15 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
zinc oxide	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	2.5 mg/m ³	Consumers	Systemic

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		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.83 mg/	Consumers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		
1-methoxy-2-propanol	DNEL	Short term	553.5 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	50.6 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	5.15		kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	369 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DATE	Inhalation	40.4		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	18.1 mg/	Consumers	Systemic
	DAIEL	1 4	kg bw/day	0	0
	DNEL	Long term	43.9 mg/m ³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation	0.0 ====//.==	Canaumana	Cyrotomia
	DNEL	Long term Oral	3.3 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, (<0.	DNEL	Long term Dermal	25 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
1% Benzene)			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	150 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	11 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	32 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Oral	11 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
			bw/day		

Predicted no effect concentrations

Product/ingredient name	Type	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
dicopper oxide	PNEC	Fresh water	7.8 µg/l	-
• •	PNEC	Marine	5.2 μg/l	-
	PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant	230 μg/l	-
	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	87 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Marine water sediment	676 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Soil	65 mg/kg dwt	-
kylene	PNEC	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l	-
•	PNEC	Marine	0.327 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant	6.58 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Soil	2.31 mg/kg dwt	-
colophony	PNEC	Fresh water	0.0054 mg/l	-
,	PNEC	Marine	0.00054 mg/l	_
	PNEC		1000 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	0.02 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Marine water sediment	0.002 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC		0.0015 mg/kg dwt	-
ethylbenzene	PNEC		0.1 mg/l	-
	PNEC		0.01 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant	9.6 mg/Ĭ	-
	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	13.7 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Soil	2.68 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Secondary Poisoning	20 mg/kg	-
zinc oxide	PNEC	Fresh water	20.6 μg/l	-
	PNEC	Marine	6.1 µg/l	-
	PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant	52 μg/l	-
	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	117.8 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC		56.5 mg/kg dwt	-
		<u> </u>		

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	PNEC	Soil	35.6 mg/kg dwt	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	PNEC	Fresh water	10 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Marine	1 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Sewage Treatment	100 mg/l	-
		Plant		
	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	52.3 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Marine water sediment	5.2 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Soil	5.49 mg/kg dwt	-

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying to EN 166 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection Hand protection

: There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: fluor rubber, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), nitrile rubber, 4H, Teflon

May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: neoprene, butyl rubber Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) < 1 hour: PVC

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

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Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour Various colours. **Odour** : Characteristic. **Odour threshold** : Not applicable. pН Not applicable. Melting point/freezing point : Not applicable.

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

Flash point

: Lowest known value: 120.17°C (248.3°F) (1-methoxy-2-propanol). Weighted average: 134.71°C (274.5°F)

: Closed cup: 27°C

Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.79compared **Evaporation rate**

with butyl acetate

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable. **Burning time** : Not applicable. **Burning rate** : Not applicable. Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: 0.8 - 13.74%

: Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene). Weighted Vapour pressure

average: 0.99 kPa (7.43 mm Hg) (at 20°C)

Vapour density : Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (xylene). Weighted average: 3.65 (Air = 1)

Relative density : 1.55 g/cm³

: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water. Solubility(ies)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not available.

water

Auto-ignition temperature : Lowest known value: 270°C (518°F) (1-methoxy-2-propanol).

: Not available. **Decomposition temperature**

Kinematic (40°C): >0.205 cm²/s (>20.5 mm²/s) **Viscosity**

Explosive properties : Not available. : Not available. **Oxidising properties**

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

hazardous reactions

Total Horman conditions of storage and acc; nazaradas reactions will not ecour.

10.5 Incompatible materials

10.4 Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains colophony, zineb, fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated. May produce an allergic reaction.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
dícopper oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	3.34 mg/l	4 hours
	mists			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	470 mg/kg	-
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	20 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
zineb	LD50 Oral	Rat	1850 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rabbit	4000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-

Acute toxicity estimates

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Route	ATE value		
Ø ral	2230.6 mg/kg		
Dermal	7363.4 mg/kg		
Inhalation (vapours)	55.23 mg/l		
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	15.85 mg/l		

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
zínc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
zineb	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, (<0.1% Benzene)	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	Not determined	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Potential chronic health effects

General: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Developmental effectsNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effectsNo known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
dicopper oxide	Acute LC50 0.075 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
zineb	Acute EC50 0.38 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute LC50 970 to 1800 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.225 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.05 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlorella vulgaris	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 7.2 mg/l	Algae	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
zinc oxide	Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
hydrocarbons, C9,	Acute EC50 <10 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
aromatics, (<0.1% Benzene)		·	
,	Acute IC50 <10 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute LC50 <10 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
dicopper oxide xylene ethylbenzene zinc oxide hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, (<0.1% Benzene)	- - - -	- - -	Not readily Readily Readily Not readily Not readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
kylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
colophony	1.9 to 7.7	-	high
zineb	1.3	-	-
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
zinc oxide	-	60960	high
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	low
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, (<0.1% Benzene)	-	10 to 2500	high

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : Not applicable.

vPvB : Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

: 08 01 11* Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Material and/or container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

European waste catalogue

(EWC) substances

SECTION 14: Transport information

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in accordance with ADR/RID, IMDG/IMO and ICAO/IATA and national regulation.

International transport regulations

14.1 UN number : 1263

14.2 UN proper shipping

name

: Paint. Marine pollutant (dicopper oxide)

14.3 Transport hazard

class(es)



: 3



Marking : The environmental hazardous / marine pollutant mark is only applicable for

packages containing more than 5 litres for liquids and 5 kg for solids.

14.4 Packing group : III
14.5 Environmental : Yes.

hazards

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SECTION 14: Transport information

14.6 Special precautions

for user

: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Additional information

ADR / RID

Tunnel restriction code: (D/E) Hazard identification number: 30

IMDG

: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

Emergency schedules (EmS)

F-E, S-E

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code : Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions: Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

Europe inventory : At least one component is not listed.

Black List Chemicals : Not listed **Industrial emissions** : Listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Air

Industrial emissions : Not listed (integrated pollution

prevention and control) -

Water

Product/ingredient name	Carcinogenic effects	Mutagenic effects	Developmental effects	Fertility effects
z íneb	-	-	Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn child)	-

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I

Chemicals

: Not listed

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II

Chemicals

: Not listed

Chemical Weapons

Convention List Schedule III

Chemicals

: Not listed

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: Not applicable.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

acronyms

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/20081

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn child)	Calculation method
Aquatic Acute 1, H400	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

: H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H228 Flammable solid. H302 Harmful if swallowed.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H304

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eve damage. Causes serious eve irritation. H319

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H410

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Cute Tox. 4, H302	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
Acute Tox. 4, H312	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
Acute Tox. 4, H332	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1, H400	ACUTE AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aon Toy 1 U201	ASDIDATION HAZADD Category 1

Asp. Tox. 1, H304 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Eve Dam. 1, H318 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

Flam. Liq. 2, H225 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 Flam. Lig. 3, H226 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 Flam. Sol. 1, H228 FLAMMABLE SOLIDS - Category 1

Repr. 2, H361d REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY (Unborn child) - Category 2

Skin Irrit. 2, H315 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

Skin Sens. 1, H317 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1

STOT RE 2, H373 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED

EXPOSURE - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE **STOT SE 3, H335** EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

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SECTION 16: Other information

STOT SE 3, H336 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE

EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

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Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.

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