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Hardtop AS/HB Comp B

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product description

Product code

Product type

identification

Other means of

Product name

- : Hardtop AS/HB Comp B
- : 448
- : Hardener.
- : Liquid.
 - : Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Industrial use Use in coatings - Professional use Identified uses

See Annex to the Safety data sheet for additional information in the Exposure Scenario(s).

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER: Jotun Paints (Europe) Ltd. Stather Road Flixborough, Scunthorpe North LincoInshire DN15 8RR England

Tel: +44 17 24 40 00 00 Fax: +44 17 24 40 01 00 SDSJotun@jotun.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Contact NHS Direct; phone 0845 4647 or 111. Open 24/7.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger.
Hazard statements	 H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H332 - Harmful if inhaled. H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Not applicable.
Prevention	 P261 - Avoid breathing vapour. P280 - Wear protective gloves. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Response	 P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P342 + P311 - If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or physician. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.
Storage	: P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place. P235 - Keep cool.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	 Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers n-butyl acetate 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate 4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene hexamethylene diisocyanate
Supplemental label elements	: For professional use only. Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	<u>ents</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	: Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards	
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	REACH #: 01-2119488934-20 EC: 500-060-2 CAS: 28182-81-2	≥50 - ≤75	Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	[1] [2]
n-butyl acetate	CAS: 26162-61-2 REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≤7.9	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1] [2]
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≤3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	EC: 223-810-8 CAS: 4083-64-1 Index: 615-012-00-7	≤1	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 STOT SE 3, H335 EUH014	[1]
hexamethylene diisocyanate	REACH #: 01-2119457571-37 EC: 212-485-8 CAS: 822-06-0	≤0.3	Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	[1] [2]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid me	as	sures
General	:	In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Eye contact	:	Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	1	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	1	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in nonallergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitisation of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitised persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Repeated or prolonged contact with irritants may cause dermatitis.

Contains Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers, 4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene, hexamethylene diisocyanate. May produce an allergic reaction.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician
- : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments
- : No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

•	-
5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO ₂ , powders, water spray or mist.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising fr	om the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen cyanide, monomeric isocyanates.
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	te	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	:	Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Place in a suitable container. The contaminated area should be cleaned immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and concentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts) and water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in an unsealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose of according to local regulations (see section 13).
6.4 Reference to other sections	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.

Examination of lung function should be carried out on a regular basis on persons spraying this mixture.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Care should be taken when re-opening partly-used containers. Precautions should be taken to minimise exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. CO_2 will be formed, which, in closed containers, could result in pressurisation. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed.

Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations Industrial sector specific

solutions

- : Not available.
- Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

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Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830

Hardtop AS/HB Comp B

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Inhalation sensitiser. STEL: 0.07 mg/m ³ , (as NCO) 15 minutes. TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ , (as NCO) 8 hours.
n-butyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). STEL: 966 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 724 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed
	through skin. STEL: 548 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 274 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
xylene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed
	through skin. STEL: 441 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 552 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 441 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
hexamethylene diisocyanate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Inhalation sensitiser. Notes: as NCO STEL: 0.07 mg/m ³ , (as NCO) 15 minutes. TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ , (as NCO) 8 hours.
procedures atmosphere of the ventil protective e the following the assess limit values atmosphere	ict contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace e or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness ation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as g: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for ment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace es - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482

of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
n-butyl acetate	Short term Inhalation	960 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	Short term Inhalation	960 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	Long term Inhalation	480 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	Long term	480 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	Short term Inhalation	859.7 mg/ m³	Consumers	Systemic
	Short term Inhalation	859.7 mg/ m ³	Consumers	Local
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	Long term	102.34 mg/	Consumers	Systemic
	Inhalation	m ³	Concurrence	e yeternie
	Long term	102.34 mg/	Consumers	Local
	Inhalation	m ³	Concurrence	Loodi
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Long term Dermal	153.5 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	Long term Derman	kg bw/day	WOIKEI3	Oysternic
	Long torm	275 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	Long term Inhalation	275 mg/m	VUIKEIS	Systemic
		51 9 mg/	Concumera	Sustamia
	Long term Dermal	54.8 mg/ kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	Long term	33 mg/m ³	Consumers	Systemic
	Inhalation	55g/		
	Long term Oral	1.67 mg/	Consumers	Systemic
		kg bw/day		
xylene	Short term	289 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
A JIONO	Inhalation	200 mg/m	**011013	Cysternie
	Short term	289 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	Inhalation	209 mg/m	VVUINCIS	LUCAI
		180 mg/kg	Workors	Systemic
	Long term Dermal	bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	Long term	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	Inhalation			-
	Long term Dermal	108 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	Long term	14.8 mg/m ³	Consumers	Systemic
	Inhalation	14.0 mg/m	Consumers	Systemic
		16 ma/ka	Consumara	Systemia
	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
ethylbenzene	Short term	293 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
,	Inhalation			
	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		bw/day		
	Long term	77 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	Inhalation			
	Long term	15 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	Inhalation	10		
	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
		bw/day	Consumers	Cysternie
hexamethylene diisocyanate	Short term	0.07 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
nexametryiene unouganate	Inhalation	0.07 mg/m	VV UINCIS	Systemic
	Short term	0.07 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		0.07 mg/m	VVUINCIS	LUCAI
	Inhalation	0.025	Workoro	Sustamia
	Long term	0.035 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	Inhalation	m ³		
	Long term	0.035 mg/	Workers	Local
	Inhalation	m³		

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
n-butyl acetate	Fresh water	0.18 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.018 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	35.6 mg/l	-
	Plant	Ŭ	
	Fresh water sediment	0.981 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.0981 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0.0903 mg/kg dwt	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Fresh water	0.635 mg/l	-
, , , , ,	Marine	0.0635 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	100 mg/l	-
	Plant	Ŭ	
	Fresh water sediment	3.29 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.329 mg/kg dwt	-
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	control 0.00	

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	Soil	0.29 mg/kg dwt	-
xylene	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.327 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	6.58 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	2.31 mg/kg dwt	-
ethylbenzene	Fresh water	0.1 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.01 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	9.6 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	13.7 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	2.68 mg/kg dwt	-
	Secondary Poisoning	20 mg/kg	-
hexamethylene diisocyanate	Fresh water	0.0774 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.00774 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	8.42 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	0.01334 mg/kg	-
		dwt	
	Marine water sediment	0.001334 mg/kg	-
		dwt	
	Soil	0.0026 mg/kg dwt	-

8.2 Exposure controls

Persons with a history of asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be exposed to any process in which this product is used.

Examination of lung function should be carried out on a regular basis on persons spraying this mixture.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. Air-fed protective respiratory equipment must be worn by the spray operator, even when good ventilation is provided. In other operations, if local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. (See Occupational exposure controls.)
Individual protection meas	<u>sures</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.
Skin protection	
Gloves	 There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

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		Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: butyl rubber, PVC, Viton® Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) < 1 hour: neoprene, PE Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: Teflon, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), 4H, nitrile rubber
		For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.
		The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	:	Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high- temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Self-contained respiratory equipment must be worn by spray operator, even when good ventilation is provided. By other operations than spraying, in well ventilated areas, air-fed respirators could be replaced by a combination charcoal filter and particulate filter mask.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance				
Physical state	: Liquid.			
Colour	: Various colours.			
Odour	Characteristic.			
Odour threshold	Not applicable.			
рН	Not applicable.			
Melting point/freezing point	Not applicable.			
Initial boiling point and boiling range	127 to 145°C (260.6 to 293°F)			
Flash point	Closed cup: 34°C			
Evaporation rate	: Highest known value: 1 (n-butyl acetate) Weighted average: 0.73compared with butyl acetate			
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.			
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: 0.8 - 7.6%			
Vapour pressure	: Highest known value: 1.5 kPa (11.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (n-butyl acetate). Weighted average: 0.36 kPa (2.7 mm Hg) (at 20°C)			
Vapour density	Highest known value: 4.6 (Air = 1) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate). Weighted average: 4.09 (Air = 1)			
Density	: 1.04 g/cm ³			
Solubility(ies)	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.			
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: Not available.			
Auto-ignition temperature	Lowest known value: 333°C (631.4°F) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate).			
Decomposition temperature	Not available.			
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C): >0.205 cm²/s (>20.5 mm²/s)			
Explosive properties	Not available.			
Oxidising properties	Not available.			
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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability	SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity				
10.1 Reactivity	:	The product reacts slowly with water, resulting in the production of carbon dioxide.			
10.2 Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).			
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	In closed containers, pressure build-up could result in distortion, expansion and, in extreme cases, bursting of the container.			
10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced.			
10.5 Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines, alcohols, water. Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols.			
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen cyanide, monomeric isocyanates.			
Thermal decomposition (>200°C) may liberate aphydrides and relatively low concentrations of isocyanates					

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in nonallergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitisation of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitised persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Repeated or prolonged contact with irritants may cause dermatitis.

Contains Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers, 4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene, hexamethylene diisocyanate. May produce an allergic reaction.

Acute toxicity

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	13100 mg/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
acetate				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	20 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rabbit	4000 ppm	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	LD50 Oral	Rat	2234 mg/kg	-
hexamethylene diisocyanate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	124 mg/m³	4 hours

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Dermal	13861.7 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	68.83 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	2.372 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 microliters	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 microliters	-

Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Sensitisation	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Mutagenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Carcinogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Teratogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
hexamethylene diisocyanate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

				irritation
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)				
Product/ingredient name	Ci	ategory	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Categ	ory 2	Not determined	hearing organs
Aspiration hazard				
Product/ingredient name			Result	

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

ethylbenzene

Other information

: Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is not classified as hazardous to the environment.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 7.2 mg/l	Algae	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		Biodegradability	
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis		
xylene ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily Readily	

2.3 Bioaccumulative potent	Potential			
Product/ingredient name	/ingredient name LogPow BCF			
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	5.54	367.7	low	
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	low	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	low	
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low	
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low	
hexamethylene diisocyanate	0.02	57.63	low	

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (K _{oc})	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

: Not applicable
: Not applicable

4	Not applicable.
	2

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 29.08.2018 Date of previous issue : No previous validation

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.6 Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Dreduct		
Product	- 1 (1 -	
Methods of disposal	Disposal of this product with the requirements and any regional local recyclable products via	te should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. et, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of diction.
Hazardous waste	: Yes.	
Disposal considerations	be neutralised with a c Dispose of according t If this product is mixed longer apply and the a	rains or watercourses. Residues in empty containers should econtaminant (see section 6). o all federal, state and local applicable regulations. with other wastes, the original waste product code may no opropriate code should be assigned. , contact your local waste authority.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	: 08 01 11* Waste paint substances	and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous
Packaging		
Methods of disposal		te should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste ecycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered easible.
Disposal considerations	the relevant waste aut Empty containers mus	ided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from nority on the classification of empty containers. t be scrapped or reconditioned. contaminated by the product in accordance with local or is.
Type of packaging		uropean waste catalogue (EWC)
CEPE Paint Guidelines	15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by pazardous substances
Special precautions	taken when handling e Empty containers or lir residues may create a	ontainer must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be mptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. hers may retain some product residues. Vapour from product highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned

SECTION 14: Transport information

TA

soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with

Наготор АЗ/НВ Сотр В						
SECTION 14:	SECTION 14: Transport information					
14.4 Packing group		111		111		
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.		
Additional information	Hazard identification number 30 30 Special provisions 640 (E) 640 (E) Tunnel code (D/E)	-	<u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules (EmS)</u> F-E, <u>S-E</u>	-		

14.6 Special precautions for user: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk	1	Not applicable.
according to Annex II of		
Marpol and the IBC Code		

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and envir	oni	nental regul	ations/legisla	ion specific	c for the substance or	r mixture		
EU Regulation (EC) No. 190	7/2	006 (REACH	D D					
Annex XIV - List of substa	nce	es subject to	authorisation	L				
Annex XIV								
None of the components a	re l	isted.						
Substances of very high	<u>co</u>	<u>ncern</u>						
None of the components a	re l	isted.						
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applical	ble.					
Other EU regulations								
VOC	:				on VOC apply to this et for further informatic		lefer to	the
VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture	:	Not applicat	ole.					
Europe inventory	1	All compone	ents are listed o	or exempted.				
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	:	Listed						
Ozone depleting substanc	es	<u>(1005/2009/I</u>	<u>EU)</u>					
Not listed.								
Prior Informed Consent (P Not listed.	<u>IC)</u>	<u>(649/2012/E</u>	<u>U)</u>					
Seveso Directive								
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Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830

Hardtop AS/HB Comp B

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

This product may add to the calculation for determining whether a site is within the scope of the Seveso Directive on major accident hazards.

National regulations

- Industrial use

: The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety

: Not applicable.

assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

\checkmark	Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.	
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Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Acute Tox. 4, H332	Calculation method
Resp. Sens. 1, H334	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225 H226 H304 H312 H315 H317 H319 H330 H332	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Flammable liquid and vapour. May be fatal if swallowed and enters a Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Fatal if inhaled. Harmful if inhaled.	rways.		
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 29.08.2018 Date of previous issue : No previous valid	ation Version	1 :1	16/19

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830

Hardtop AS/HB Comp B			
SECTION 16: Other information			
H334		May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.	
H335		May cause respiratory irritation.	
H336		May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
H373		May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated	
		exposure.	
Full text of classifications	[CLP/GHS]		
Acute Tox. 2, H330		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2	
Acute Tox. 4, H312		ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4	
Acute Tox. 4, H332		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4	
Asp. Tox. 1, H304		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
EUH014		Reacts violently with water.	
EUH066		Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.	
Eye Irrit. 2, H319		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2	
Flam. Liq. 2, H225		FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2	
Flam. Liq. 3, H226		FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	
Resp. Sens. 1, H334		RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1	
Skin Irrit. 2, H315		SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	
Skin Sens. 1, H317		SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1	
STOT RE 2, H373		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED	
		EXPOSURE - Category 2	
STOT SE 3, H335		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE	
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE	
STOT SE 3, H336		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3	
Date of printing	: 29.08.2018		
Date of issue/ Date of	: 29.08.2018		
revision	. 29.00.2010		
Date of previous issue	: No previous va	alidation	
Version	: 1		

Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.

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Industrial use

Hardtop AS/HB Comp B

Exposure Scenario: Use in coatings -

Sector of Use	: Industrial use
Process Category	: PROC05 PROC07 PROC08a PROC10
Environmental release category(ies)	: ERC4

Covers the use in coatings (paints, inks, adhesives, etc) including exposures during use (including product transfer and preparation, application by brush, spray by hand or similar methods) and equipment cleaning.

Operational conditions and risk management measures

Control of worker exposure

Frequency and duration of use	: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours
General - Operational conditions	: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature, unless stated differently. Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented
General - Risk management measures	: Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. Use suitable eye protection. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
Type of activity or process	Risk management measures
Preparation of material for application	: Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (10 to 15 air changes per hour).
Roller, spreader, flow application	: Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.
Spraying - Manual	: Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (10 to 15 air changes per hour). Wear a full-face respirator conforming to EN136 with Type A/P2 filter or better.

Control of environmental exposure

Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	: Prevent environmental discharge consistent with regulatory requirements.
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	: External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	: External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Additional information

The exposure scenario for the mixture is based on the following substances:

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Hardtop AS/HB Comp B

Exposure Scenario: Use in coatings -

Professional use

Sector of Use	: Professional use
Process Category	: PROC05 PROC08a PROC10 PROC11
Environmental release category(ies)	: ERC8a ERC8d

Covers the use in coatings (paints, inks, adhesives, etc) including exposures during use (including product transfer and preparation, application by brush, spray by hand or similar methods) and equipment cleaning.

Operational conditions and risk management measures

Control of worker exposure

Frequency and duration of use	: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours
General - Operational conditions	: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature, unless stated differently. Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented
General - Risk management measures	: Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. Use suitable eye protection. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
Type of activity or process	Risk management measures
Preparation of material for application - Indoor	: Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (10 to 15 air changes per hour). Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour. or
	Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (10 to 15 air changes per hour). Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with type A/P2 filter or better.
Preparation of material for application - Outdoor	: Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour. or
	Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with type A/P2 filter or better.
Equipment cleaning and maintenance	: Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours.
Roller, spreader, flow application - Indoor	: Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (10 to 15 air changes per hour). Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours.
	Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (10 to 15 air changes per hour). Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with type A/P2 filter or better.
Roller, spreader, flow application - Outdoor	: Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with type A/P2 filter or better. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours.
Spraying - Manual - Indoor	: Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or equipment and provide extract ventilation at openings. Wear a full-face respirator conforming to EN136 with Type A/P2 filter or better. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours.
Spraying - Manual - Outdoor	: Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors. Wear a full-face respirator conforming to EN136 with Type A/P2 filter or better. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours.

Control of environmental exposure

Additional information	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	 External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	: External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	: Prevent environmental discharge consistent with regulatory requirements.

Additional information

The exposure scenario for the mixture is based on the following substances:

REACH #: 01-2119485796-17