

SAFETY DATA SHEET



SHIELD - HIGH BUILD EPOXY Primer – Comp B

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 453/2010 According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name SHIELD - HIGH BUILD EPOXY Primer – Comp B

Product number 250 line

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Paint.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier SML Paints And Coatings
The Downs,
South Cerney,
Cirencester,
Gloucestershire,
GL7 6DD
01285 862132
info@smlpaints.co.uk

Contact person info@smlpaints.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

National emergency telephone +44 (0) 1285 862132 08:00-18:00 MON-FRI
number

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Not Classified

Health hazards Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Skin Sens. 1 - H317

Environmental hazards Not Classified

Classification (67/548/EEC or -
1999/45/EC)

Human health Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.

Environmental This product may cause harm to the environment. See Section 12 Ecological Information.

Physicochemical See Section 7.2 Storage Class. See Section 5.2 Hazardous combustion products. See Section 10: Stability and reactivity

2.2. Label elements

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Pictogram



Signal word

Warning

Hazard statements

H315 Causes skin irritation.
 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statements

P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray.
 P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.
 P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
 P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
 P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
 P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
 P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label). P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
 P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Contains

2,4,6-TRIS(DIMETHYLAMINOMETHYL)PHENOL, TRIETHYLENETETRAMINE

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

XYLENE	10-30%
CAS number: 1330-20-7	EC number: 215-535-7
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226	R10 Xn;R20/21 Xi;R38
Acute Tox. 4 - H312	
Acute Tox. 4 - H332	
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315	
BENZYL ALCOHOL	10-30%
CAS number: 100-51-6	EC number: 202-859-9
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)
Acute Tox. 4 - H302	Xn;R20/22
Acute Tox. 4 - H312	
Acute Tox. 4 - H332	

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2,4,6-TRIS(DIMETHYLAMINOMETHYL)PHENOL		1-5%
CAS number: 90-72-2		EC number: 202-013-9
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226	Xn;R22 Xi;R36/38	
Acute Tox. 4 - H302		
Acute Tox. 4 - H312		
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315		
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		
Skin Sens. 1B - H317		
Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412		
TRIETHYLENETETRAMINE		1-5%
CAS number: 112-24-3		EC number: 203-950-6
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226	C;R34 Xn;R21 R43 R52/53	
Acute Tox. 4 - H302		
Acute Tox. 4 - H312		
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315		
Skin Sens. 1 - H317		
Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412		
CALCIUM NITRATE		1-5%
CAS number: 10124-37-5		
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Ox. Sol. 3 - H272	Xi;R36. O;R8.	
Acute Tox. 4 - H302		
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315		
Eye Dam. 1 - H318		
ETHANOL		<1%
CAS number: 64-17-5		EC number: 200-578-6
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225	F;R11	
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

The severity of the symptoms described will vary depending on the concentration and the length of exposure. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

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Inhalation	Get medical attention. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention. Symptoms of lung oedema (shortness of breath) may develop up to 24 hours after exposure. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.
Ingestion	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give plenty of water to drink. DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing. Use barrier creams to prevent skin contact. Remove contaminated clothing and rinse skin thoroughly with water.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation persists after washing. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed. May cause nausea, stomach pain and vomiting.
Skin contact	Skin irritation. May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.
Eye contact	May cause severe eye irritation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor	No specific recommendation given, but first aid may still be required in case of accidental exposure, inhalation or ingestion of this chemical. If in doubt, GET MEDICAL ATTENTION PROMPTLY! In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
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Notes:

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire. Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards	Vapours are heavier than air and may travel along the floor and accumulate in the bottom of containers. Vapours may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. If a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst with the risk of subsequent explosion. The product is flammable.
Hazardous combustion products	In case of fire, toxic gases (CO, CO ₂ , NO _x) may be formed. Acrid smoke or fumes. Other pyrolysis products typical of burning an organic material. Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the airborne concentration exceeds 10 mg/m ³ . In the event of a fire and/or explosion, do not breathe fumes.

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5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting	Containers close to fire should be removed or cooled with water. Do not allow water to contact any leaked material. Keep up-wind to avoid fumes. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Take care as floors and other surfaces may become slippery. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Where anti slip aggregates, powders or similar are added/post added to a paint, the potential for the generation of respirable dust during handling and use can occur. In such cases, occupational exposures to respirable dust should be monitored and controlled. In the case of exposure to prolonged or high levels of air borne dust, wear a personal respirator in compliance with national legislation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage.
For non-emergency personnel	Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear suitable respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering.
For emergency responders	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions	Do not discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.
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6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. If involved in a fire, shut off flow if it can be done without risk. Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Small Spillages: Absorb small quantities with paper towels and evaporate in a safe place. Large Spillages: Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Ensure that waste and contaminated materials are collected and removed from the work area as soon as possible in a suitably labelled container. The accumulation of contaminated rags and application cloths may result in spontaneous combustion. This is particularly important in the case of products containing a high level of drying oils such as teak oil, linseed oil etc. Good housekeeping standards and regular safe removal of waste materials will minimise the risks of spontaneous combustion and other fire hazards.
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6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see section 13.
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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

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Usage precautions	Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. All handling should only take place in well-ventilated areas. Static electricity and formation of sparks must be prevented. Dust may form explosive mixture with air. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Storage tanks and other containers must be earthed. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Paints based on pitch, coal tar, high temp (CAS 65996-93-2) may cause sensitivity to sunlight. To reduce sun sensitivity, a sun blocking lotion (SPE 15+) can also be applied prior to application of a protective cream.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash promptly with soap and water if skin becomes contaminated. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Use appropriate hand lotion to prevent defatting and cracking of skin.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions	Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Keep away from oxidising materials, heat and flames. Paints containing aluminium must not get in contact with water during storage. Exercise caution when opening to allow pressure release. Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Avoid/separate from strong acids, alkalis, oxidising and reducing agents. Observe the label precautions. Containers which have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.
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Storage class	Flammable liquid storage.
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7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2. Restricted to professional users.
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SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

XYLENE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm(Sk) 220 mg/m³(Sk)

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm(Sk) 441 mg/m³(Sk)

ETHANOL

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 ppm 1920 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

Ingredient comments	WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits
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XYLENE (CAS: 1330-20-7)

DNEL

- Inhalation; Short term : 442 mg/m³

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Note:

When spraying, the use of a suitable/approved respirator is advised.

Appropriate engineering controls

No specific ventilation requirements noted, but forced ventilation may still be required if air contamination exceeds acceptable level.

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Personal protection	Advice on personal protection is applicable for high exposure levels. Select proper personal protection based on a risk assessment of the actual exposure scenario.
Eye/face protection	The following protection should be worn: Chemical splash goggles. Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible.
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374.
Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent skin contamination. Use barrier creams to prevent skin contact.
Hygiene measures	Use engineering controls to reduce air contamination to permissible exposure level. Provide eyewash station. Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated.
Respiratory protection	If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use.

Notes:

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Liquid.
Odour	Characteristic/of solvents
Odour threshold	Not determined.
pH	Not relevant.
Melting point	Not determined.
Initial boiling point and range	Not determined.
Flash point	°C CC (Closed cup).
Evaporation rate	Not determined.
Evaporation factor	Not determined.
Flammability (solid, gas)	No specific test data are available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not determined.
Other flammability	Not known.
Vapour pressure	Not determined.
Vapour density	Not determined.

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Bulk density	Not determined.
Solubility(ies)	Soluble in the following materials: Organic solvents.
Partition coefficient	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not determined.
Decomposition Temperature	Not determined.
Viscosity	Not determined.
Explosive properties	May form explosive mixtures with air.
Explosive under the influence of a flame	Not considered to be explosive.
Oxidising properties	Not determined.
Comments	Information given is applicable to the product as supplied.

9.2. Other information

Other information	Soluble in most organic solvents.
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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity	The following materials may react with the product: Acids. Alkalis. Oxidising materials.
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10.2. Chemical stability

Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Further information on correct storage: refer to Section 7.
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10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions	None under normal processing Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.
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10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with strong oxidising agents. Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to conditions to heat or sources of ignition. Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the airborne concentration exceeds 10 mg/m ³ . Avoid extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
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10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid	Strong oxidising agents.
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10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO ₂). Oxides of nitrogen. Acrid smoke or fumes. In case of fire and/or explosion, do not breaths fumes.
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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

ATE oral (mg/kg)	4,879.98
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Acute toxicity - dermal

ATE dermal (mg/kg)	3,902.1
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Acute toxicity - inhalation

ATE inhalation (gases ppm) 26,315.79

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 28.41

ATE inhalation (dusts/mists mg/l) 8.77

General information	This product is unlikely to harm health, given normal and proper handling and hygienic precautions. Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent health problems.
Inhalation	Harmful by inhalation. Irritating to respiratory system.
Ingestion	Irritating. May cause nausea, stomach pain and vomiting.
Skin contact	Harmful in contact with skin. Irritating to skin.
Eye contact	Harmful in contact with eyes. Irritating to eyes.
Route of entry	Inhalation Ingestion. Skin and/or eye contact Oral
Additional Information:	For further information, please refer to Sections 4 and 8 respectively..

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

12.1. Toxicity

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability Solvent will evaporate, residue will not readily biodegrade. There are no data on the degradability of this product.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential The product contains potentially bioaccumulating substances.

Partition coefficient Not available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility The product is insoluble in water. Mobile liquid, solvent will evaporate leaving a semi-solid mass.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects Not known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. The company encourages the recycle, recovery and reuse of materials, wherever possible.

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Disposal methods Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Residues and empty containers should be taken care of as hazardous waste according to local and national provisions. Dispose of waste via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

General The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA, ADR/RID).

14.1. UN number

Not applicable.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

No transport warning sign required.

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations

Petroleum (Consolidation) Act, as amended 1984 SI 1244.
Highly Flammable Liquid Regulations 1972.
Rivers (Prevention of Pollution) Act 1961.
Control of Pollution (Special Waste) Regulations 1980 (as amended).
Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended).

EU legislation

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).
Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).
Commission Directive 2000/39/EC of 8 June 2000 establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work (as amended).
Commission Regulation (EU) No 453/2010 of 20 May 2010.

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Guidance	Workplace Exposure Limits EH40. Introduction to Local Exhaust Ventilation HS(G)37. CHIP for everyone HSG228. Approved Classification and Labelling Guide (Sixth edition) L131. Safety Data Sheets for Substances and Preparations.
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15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

General information	Product to be used in industrial and/or professional applications.
Issued by	DE MW
Revision date	30/01/2018
Revision	0
SDS number	20628
Hazard statements in full	H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H272 May intensify fire; oxidiser. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The product should not be used for the purposes other than those shown in Section 1 without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. As the specific conditions of use of the product are outside the supplier's control, the user is responsible for ensuring that the requirements of relevant legislation are complied with. This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.