

SAFETY DATA SHEET



Barrier 90 - Comp. A

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name	: Barrier 90 - Comp. A
Product code	: 2528
Product description	: Coatings: Solvent-borne. Epoxy.
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification	: Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses
Uses in Coatings - Industrial use Uses in Coatings - Professional use

See Annex to the Safety data sheet for additional information in the Exposure Scenario(s).

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Jotun Paints (Europe) Ltd.
Stather Road
Flixborough, Scunthorpe
North Lincolnshire
DN15 8RR
England

Tel: +44 17 24 40 00 00
Fax: +44 17 24 40 01 00
SDSJotun@jotun.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Contact National Poison Centre via Hospital or Registered Medical Practitioner

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Directive 1999/45/EC [DPD]

The product is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

Classification : R10
R43
N; R50/53

Physical/chemical hazards : Flammable.

Human health hazards : May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Environmental hazards : Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard symbol or symbols :



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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Indication of danger	: Irritant, Dangerous for the environment
Risk phrases	: R10- Flammable. R43- May cause sensitisation by skin contact. R50/53- Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
Safety phrases	: S23- Do not breathe vapour / spray. S24- Avoid contact with skin. S37- Wear suitable gloves. S51- Use only in well-ventilated areas.
Hazardous ingredients	: epoxy resin (MW 700-1200)
Supplemental label elements	: Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification : Not available.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification		Type	Notes
			67/548/EEC	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]		
zinc	EC: 231-175-3 CAS: 7440-66-6	75-90	N; R50/53	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	[1]	-
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	5-10	R10 Xn; R20/21 Xi; R38	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315	[1] [2]	C
epoxy resin (MW 700-1200)	CAS: 25036-25-3	1-5	Xi; R36/38 R43	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317	[1]	-
zinc oxide	REACH #: 01-2119463881-32 EC: 215-222-5 CAS: 1314-13-2 Index: 030-013-00-7	0,25-2,5	N; R50/53	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	[1]	-
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	1-3	F; R11 Xn; R20	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332	[1] [2]	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	<15	R10 R67	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]	-
ethanol	EC: 200-578-6 CAS: 64-17-5 Index: 603-002-00-5	1-5	F; R11	Flam. Liq. 2, H225	[2]	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6 Index: 649-356-00-4	0,1-0,25	R10 Xn; R20, R65 Xi; R37 R66 N; R51/53	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1] [2]	H-P

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

			See Section 16 for the full text of the R-phrases declared above.	See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		
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There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

- General** : In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
- Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
- Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
- Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do not induce vomiting.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : May cause eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : May cause skin irritation. May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO₂, powders, water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Flammable liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. This material is very toxic to aquatic organisms. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.4 Reference to other sections : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.
In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.
To dissipate static electricity during transfer, earth drum and connect to receiving container with bonding strap. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.
Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.
Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this preparation. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.
Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.
Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.
Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.
Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
xylene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2007). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 441 mg/m ³ 15 minute(s). STEL: 100 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hour(s).
ethylbenzene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2007). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 552 mg/m ³ 15 minute(s). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hour(s). TWA: 441 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s).
1-methoxy-2-propanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2007). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 560 mg/m ³ 15 minute(s). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hour(s).
ethanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2007). TWA: 1920 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s).
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	EH40-WEL (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s). Form: All forms TWA: 40 ppm 8 hour(s). Form: All forms

Recommended monitoring procedures : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to European Standard EN 689 for methods for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents and national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances.

Derived effect levels

No DELs available.

Predicted effect concentrations

No PECs available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.

Skin protection

Hand protection : For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: gloves: polyvinyl alcohol or nitrile.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product.(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Colour** : Various colours.
- Odour** : Characteristic.
- Odour threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not available.
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.
- Initial boiling point and boiling range** : Not available.
- Flash point** : Closed cup: 27°C
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.
- Burning time** : Not applicable.
- Burning rate** : Not applicable.
- Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits** : 1.1 - 19%
- Vapour pressure** : Not available.
- Vapour density** : Not available.
- Relative density** : 3.2 g/cm³
- Solubility(ies)** : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not available.
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.
- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : Not available.
- Explosive properties** : Not available.
- Oxidising properties** : Not available.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- 10.1 Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- 10.2 Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- 10.4 Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:
oxidizing materials
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the preparation itself. The preparation has been assessed following the conventional method of the Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC and classified for toxicological hazards accordingly. See sections 2 and 15 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Swallowing may cause nausea, diarrhoea, vomiting, gastro-intestinal irritation and chemical pneumonia.

Contains epoxy resin (MW 700-1200). May produce an allergic reaction.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
ethylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
zinc	Acute LC50 68 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - <24 hours	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0,24 mg/L Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - 70 mm	96 hours
zinc oxide	Acute EC50 >1000 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - <24 hours	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 1,1 to 2,5 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute EC50 7,2 mg/L	Algae	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2,93 mg/L	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4,2 mg/L	Fish	96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Acute EC50 <10 mg/L	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute IC50 <10 mg/L Acute LC50 <10 mg/L	Algae Fish	72 hours 96 hours

Conclusion/Summary : This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
zinc	-	-	Not readily
xylene	-	-	Readily
zinc oxide	-	-	Not readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	-	-	Not readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
xylene	3,12	-	high
ethanol	-0,31	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : Not applicable.

vPvB : Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Material and/or container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

European waste catalogue (EWC) : 08 01 11* Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances. If this product is mixed with other wastes, this code may no longer apply. If mixed with other wastes, the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in accordance with ADR/RID, IMDG/IMO and ICAO/IATA and national regulation.

Remarks

These zinc types have been tested according to the criteria for classes 4.1, 4.2 and 4.3. The testresults shows that these types do not meet the criterias for classifying in class 4.1, 4.2, 4.3 : BAM, 2005 Report II.2-916/04.

International transport regulations

14.1 UN number : 1263

14.2 UN proper shipping name : Paint. Marine pollutant (zinc, zinc oxide)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) : 3



Marking : The environmental hazardous / marine pollutant mark is only applicable for packages containing more than 5 litres for liquids and 5 kg for solids.

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SECTION 14: Transport information

- 14.4 Packing group : III
- 14.5 Environmental hazards : Yes.
- 14.6 Special precautions for user : Not available.
- Additional information**
- ADR / RID : Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)
Hazard identification number: 30
Special provisions: 640E
- IMDG : **Emergency schedules (EmS)**
F-E, S-E
- 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code : Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

Other EU regulations

Europe inventory : Not determined.

Black List Chemicals : Not listed

Priority List Chemicals : Listed

Integrated pollution prevention and control list (IPPC) - Air : Listed

Integrated pollution prevention and control list (IPPC) - Water : Listed

International regulations

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals : Not listed

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals : Not listed

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals : Not listed

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
 CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
 DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
 EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
 PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
 RRN = REACH Registration Number

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226
 Skin Irrit. 2, H315
 Skin Sens. 1, H317
 Aquatic Acute 1, H400
 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements :

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
- H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H332 Harmful if inhaled.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS] :

- Acute Tox. 4, H312 ACUTE TOXICITY: SKIN - Category 4
- Acute Tox. 4, H332 ACUTE TOXICITY: INHALATION - Category 4
- Aquatic Acute 1, H400 AQUATIC TOXICITY (ACUTE) - Category 1
- Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 1
- Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 2
- Asp. Tox. 1, H304 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
- Eye Irrit. 2, H319 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
- Flam. Liq. 2, H225 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
- Flam. Liq. 3, H226 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
- Skin Irrit. 2, H315 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
- Skin Sens. 1, H317 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
- STOT SE 3, H335 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) [Respiratory tract irritation] - Category 3
- STOT SE 3, H336 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) [Narcotic effects] - Category 3

Full text of abbreviated R phrases :

- R11- Highly flammable.
- R10- Flammable.
- R20- Harmful by inhalation.
- R20/21- Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.
- R65- Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.
- R37- Irritating to respiratory system.
- R38- Irritating to skin.
- R36/38- Irritating to eyes and skin.
- R43- May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
- R66- Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
- R67- Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.
- R50/53- Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
- R51/53- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the

SECTION 16: Other information

	aquatic environment.
Full text of classifications [DSD/DPD]	: F - Highly flammable Xn - Harmful Xi - Irritant N - Dangerous for the environment
Date of printing	: 29.10.2012.
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 29.10.2012.
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation.
Version	: 1

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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Exposure Scenario: Uses in Coatings - Industrial use

Sector of Use	: Industrial use
Process Category	: PROC05 PROC07 PROC08a PROC10
Environmental Release Categories	: ERC4

Covers the use in coatings (paints, inks, adhesives, etc) including exposures during use (including product transfer and preparation, application by brush, spray by hand or similar methods) and equipment cleaning.

Operational conditions and risk management measures

Control of worker exposure

Frequency and duration of use	: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).
General - Operational conditions	: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.
General - Risk Management Measures	: Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. Use suitable eye protection. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

Type of activity or process Risk Management Measures

Preparation of material for application	: Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (10 to 15 air changes per hour).
Roller, spreader, flow application	: Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.
Spraying - Manual	: Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (10 to 15 air changes per hour). Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A/P2 filter or better.

Control of environmental exposure

Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	: Prevent environmental discharge consistent with regulatory requirements.
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	: External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	: External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Additional information

The exposure scenario for the mixture is based on the following substances:

REACH #: 01-2119488216-32

Barrier 90 - Comp. A

Exposure Scenario: Uses in Coatings - Professional use

Sector of Use	: Professional use
Process Category	: PROC05 PROC08a PROC10 PROC11
Environmental Release Categories	: ERC8a ERC8d

Covers the use in coatings (paints, inks, adhesives, etc) including exposures during use (including product transfer and preparation, application by brush, spray by hand or similar methods) and equipment cleaning.

Operational conditions and risk management measures

Control of worker exposure

Frequency and duration of use	: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).
General - Operational conditions	: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.
General - Risk Management Measures	: Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. Use suitable eye protection. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

Type of activity or process

Risk Management Measures

Preparation of material for application - Indoor.	: Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (10 to 15 air changes per hour). Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour. or Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (10 to 15 air changes per hour). Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A/P2 filter or better.
Preparation of material for application - Outdoor.	: Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour or Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A/P2 filter or better.
Roller, spreader, flow application - Indoor.	: Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (10 to 15 air changes per hour). Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A/P2 filter or better.
Roller, spreader, flow application - Outdoor.	: Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A/P2 filter or better.
Spraying - Manual - Indoor.	: Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or equipment and provide extract ventilation at openings. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A/P2 filter or better.
Spraying - Manual - Outdoor.	: Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors. Wear a full-face respirator conforming to EN136 with Type A/P2 filter or better.

Control of environmental exposure

Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	: Prevent environmental discharge consistent with regulatory requirements.
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	: External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	: External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Additional information

The exposure scenario for the mixture is based on the following substances:

REACH #: 01-2119488216-32